

# PHIL 1500: The Examined College Life: Education and its Ends - Fall 2018 Syllabus 1

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Format: We will meet MWF from 10:30-11:20 in ENGR 204  
Office Hours: Monday 2:30-3:30, Wednesday 11:30-12:30, or by appointment

## General Objectives of the Course

At the end of the course, you will be asked to evaluate the course's success at meeting these objectives:

- Learning fundamental principles, generalizations, or theories
- Developing skills in expressing oneself orally or in writing
- Learning to analyze and critically evaluate ideas, arguments, and points of view.

## Specific Objectives of the Course

Higher education is at a crossroads, facing both challenges and opportunities. Budget cuts and social and political confusion about the role of the university in civil society are occasioning a return to some very old and perennially important questions. What is it to be educated? What are the purposes and ends of education? What is the value of education and particularly of a liberal arts education? To answer these questions, one is led to inquire about human flourishing, transcendence, and the common good. This inquiry sharpens the questions about the university - what role does the university have in cultivating the conditions for genuine human flourishing, public order, and the common good? What sort of education should the university provide (both in content and pedagogy)?

This course has two main outcome goals. The first has to do with content. The task here is to understand the philosophical questions and to know what these philosophers have said and why they have said it, to evaluate whether or not they have good reasons for making their claims, and to ask about the significance of all of it for us.

The second main objective has to do with intellectual virtue ("critical thinking skills" in the shallow, contemporary parlance). The goal is to improve your ability to reason. This includes understanding a difficult reading, reflecting and thinking clearly and rigorously on its truth and significance, and the ability to communicate your understanding and thoughts to others clearly and concisely.

It is the hope of the professor that students leave the class with an understanding of the philosophical issues as well as with an enlarged sense of wonder and curiosity with respect to those issues. But it is also a hope that students leave the class having cultivated intellectual virtues such as wonder, intelligence, "attunement" (an ability to enter other minds to see what they have to offer), equanimity, studiousness, clarity, rigor, and reasonability.

## Required Texts

- *Gilgamesh*, George Mason. Mariner, 2003.
- *Clouds*, Aristophanes. Hackett, 1993.
- *Five Dialogues* 2nd ed, Plato. Hackett, 2002.
- *Republic*, Plato (trans Allen Bloom). Basic, 1991.
- *Nicomachean Ethics*, Aristotle (trans Ostwald). LLA, 1999.
- *The Idea of a University*, John Henry Newman. Notre Dame UP, 2009.
- *Leisure The Basis of Culture*, Josef Pieper. Ignatius, 2009.
- *The Abolition of Man*, C.S. Lewis. HarperOne, 1974.
- Supplied Course Packet (pdf on Canvas)

## Required Work

- Assignment grades as well as course grades will be based on the following scale:
  - 93-100 = A    90-92 = A-    87-89 = B+    83-86 = B    80-82 = B-
  - 77-79 = C+    73-76 = C    70-72 = C-    67-69 = D+    63-66 = D    62 and lower = F
- Reading Questions (20% of course grade): I expect that you will submit, via Canvas, answers to daily reading questions for each day they are assigned (see the course schedule). *Reading Questions are due 9am each day of class*; late submissions will not be accepted. These will be checked to see if a complete and adequate submission was turned in on time.
  - I will provide a detailed description of the assignment in another handout. In brief, each Reading Question should provide a substantive answer to the following four questions:

## PHIL 1500: The Examined College Life: Education and its Ends - Fall 2018 Syllabus 2

- (1) What was the reading about as a whole?
- (2) What was said in detail, and how?
- (3) Is what was said true, in whole or in part?
- (4) What of it?
- I do not want you to rely on secondary sources, as the Reading Questions are meant to be the outcome of your engagement with the primary text. Evidence that you have used outside (including online) sources will be considered cheating.
- These will be graded (adequate/inadequate on a 0 to 1 scale) and a Reading Question grade given based on your percentage of received/possible points. Since I know things come up, I have set the grade scale so that a student can miss up some number of these (assuming they complete the ones they do submit adequately) and still get an A. The grade scale for these is as follows:
  - 89% or more = A 86-88% = A-
  - 82-85% = B+ 79-81% = B 75-78% = B-
  - 72-74% = C+ 68-71% = C 65-67% = C-
  - 62-64% = D 61 and lower = F
- Bring your RQ 3 and 4 to class on a page to post on the front of your desk.
- Graded Reading Questions (55% of course grade): Some number of your Reading Questions will be selected for more careful grading. See the Course Schedule for the Reading Questions that will be graded along with being checked for a complete and adequate submission. I will drop the lowest Graded RQ. *If you do not have a passing grade on the average of your Graded Reading Questions at the end of the term, you will fail the course even if the total course grade is high enough to pass.*
- Final Paper (20% of course grade): This will be a mid-length paper asking you to demonstrate both an understanding of course concepts as well as sustained personal reflection on those concepts. Assignment information will be distributed on Canvas. See the course schedule for assignment distribution and submission dates.
- Observation Reflections (3% of course grade): The purpose of this assignment is to help re-enliven a sense of wonder, the basic amazement at the natural world that is today easily crowded out by all of the noise of modern life. Becoming educated means re-learning how to see, imagine, and be amazed. So five times this semester you must go somewhere and sit in silence (no reading, talking, all electronic devices and any possible distraction set aside) for 20 minutes to simply take in the world. Some ideas: go star gazing, sit by an old tree, or go be near some moving water. The idea is to sit quietly and take the world in, observing something around you very carefully. Then write a one paragraph reflection on your experience. See Schedule and Canvas for due dates.
- Poetry Recital (2% of course grade): Sign up for a recital day and poem (from the poetry packet I will hand out) and memorize it. Beginning a few weeks into the semester, one student per day will stand in front of the class and recite, from memory, their poem.
- Writing Competency Requirement (not a part of the grade but required to pass the class): The primary goal of this exercise is to train you to produce written work that is grammatically and mechanically sound. In addition, you can make progress toward producing writing that is rhetorically compelling and even beautiful. To those ends, you will be assigned a short paper and will be tasked with writing and then editing that paper until it is grammatically and mechanically sound. (This includes: organization, sentence structure, punctuation, spelling, capitalization, usage, and flow).
  - You will submit your paper and then have three chances to submit a revised version. See the schedule for dates. On each occasion you will receive ungraded feedback by marking up your paper with numbers. Look up those numbers in the Writing Guide to figure out your errors and then make the needed corrections. Submit again by the following revision deadline. By the end of the term, every student must have produced a paper that is grammatically and mechanically sound. Once deemed competent, you will have satisfied this requirement and need not continue with any further revisions. *If you have not demonstrated competence on the stated objectives of this assignment by the end of the term, you will fail the course no matter what your other grades in the class have been.*

## PHIL 1500: The Examined College Life: Education and its Ends - Fall 2018 Syllabus 3

- Attendance and Participation: I expect that you will attend class every session, missing only very rarely if at all. I also expect regular, informed, and thoughtful contributions to class discussion. This is a basic expectation of the course. Cases of habitual absenteeism (missing more than 2 weeks of class) or habitual failure to participate in class will be considered, at the discretion of the instructor, sufficient conditions for consequences ranging from modest course grade reductions to outright failure of the course.

### Canvas

Canvas is a user friendly (even for people like me with limited digital competency) web-based course management program. I encourage you to thoroughly explore Canvas on your own so you are familiar with its features. Keep in mind - it is ***your responsibility*** to make sure you understand how to access course information and submit Canvas administered assignments. Go to [canvas.usu.edu](http://canvas.usu.edu) to see various tutorials as well as to log in using your A# and Banner password. Make sure you properly set up your notification preferences (see tutorials) so that you receive with regularity any class announcements or messages. If you have problems logging in or other technical difficulties, please do not contact me - I am a philosophy professor, not an IT guy. If technical problems persist, call the USU Help Desk (797-HELP).

Note on Canvas feedback: To see feedback on assignments submitted in Canvas (both completed rubric as well as individualized feedback), you need to: (1) Click on "Assignments" in the left hand menu of Canvas, (2) Click on the relevant assignment, (3) Click "Submission Details", (4) Click "View Feedback". You may need to scroll horizontally to see the embedded comments. Comments may not be visible on mobile devices, so use a regular computer.

### Policies

1. Syllabus/Schedule changes: The syllabus and schedule are subject to change. I will notify the class of any and all changes. In the event of a discrepancy between this syllabus/schedule and Canvas (the Canvas syllabus or calendar), *the information on Canvas will take precedence.*
2. Unless otherwise indicated, my policy with late work is that it will be accepted only with a reasonable excuse (of which I am the judge). Expect the criteria for "reasonable" to be quite high (like a hospital-worthy illness).
3. Students have a right to a learning environment that is free of harassment and unlawful discrimination and characterized by civil discourse. Civil discourse is a core value of the university because the university is meant to be a place where students confront a wide range of ideas and opinions. Confronting a wide range of opinions is essential to the task of learning how to think, for no one learns how to think well if they do not seriously engage opposing ideas and counter-arguments. In addition, confronting a wide range of ideas - even if you find some of those ideas offensive - increases both self-understanding and understanding of others.

Having ideas challenged can, at times, be an uncomfortable thing for students. Students should embrace this, but see in it also the importance of civil discourse. Civil discourse is intellectual engagement shaped by mutual respect. This atmosphere of respect is required for there to be any intellectual engagement or growth at all. For this reason, students need to remember that the university is a battleground of ideas, not a battle between persons. So when students express themselves or disagree with someone else, they should avoid offensive language or personal attacks. Always keep the focus on the content of the ideas rather than the person making them.

4. If you have, or suspect you have a physical, mental health, or learning disability you may be eligible for reasonable accommodations. Veterans may also be eligible for services. Please contact the Disability Resource Center (DRC) as early in the semester as possible (University Inn #101, 435-797-2444, [drc@usu.edu](mailto:drc@usu.edu)). Once approved, the DRC will coordinate with faculty to provide accommodations.
5. University regulations are enforced concerning any kind of dishonesty. Of note, the USU Academic Policies defines plagiarism as: "representing, by paraphrase or direct quotation, the published or unpublished work of another person as one's own in any academic exercise or activity without full and clear acknowledgment ... ." If I suspect plagiarism on an assignment, due to style or content, I will tell you so and challenge you. If you admit it, the assignment receives a zero. If you deny the charge and I can prove the charge is true, you get not only a zero for the assignment but will fail the course. In all cases of academic dishonesty, I will report the incident to the

## PHIL 1500: The Examined College Life: Education and its Ends - Fall 2018 Syllabus 4

Office of Student Conduct. Please note that your professor firmly believes getting away with a bad deed is one of the worst things that can happen to a person.

6. Though not all grammatical errors will be corrected, I do have a guiding policy on these: Any page of a paper that has two or more errors in grammar, spelling, punctuation, etc. will result in a loss of  $\frac{1}{3}$  of a letter grade. This effect will be cumulative, so three pages with two or more errors will result in a full letter grade penalty.

7. Technology policy: Students today have incredible access to information. But do they know what to do with all of that information, can they summarize it and then synthesize it into understanding? Can they communicate it clearly? Can they mentally juggle the various streams of content with any clarity? Many students think they can “multitask”, but studies suggest that multitasking just means doing multiple things poorly at the same time. Studies also show that students retain more information when they take notes with a pen and paper rather than on an electronic device. I want you and your peers to be present in class and in the best position to learn. *So all electronic devices (phones, tablets, laptops, etc) are prohibited in my classroom.* No pictures of the board, no audio or video recording, no taking notes on any electronic device. Rare exceptions will be made only if you ask the instructor for an exemption. If you wish to have notes on a computer, it is a very good idea to rewrite your notes a few hours after class.

8. If I demonstrate a lack of attentiveness in class (I fall asleep, text message, play minesweeper, etc.) you may kick me out of class. I reserve the right to do the same to you.

### Advice and some information on the “culture” of my courses

1. No one has a “right” to a “good” grade. No one gets extra credit for “effort,” which is invisible. What is assessed is performance - the quality of the work submitted.

2. Please feel free to ask any question about anything at any time, in or out of class; that’s what philosophy is.

3. Expect to be challenged, to work, to find some of the course material “over your head” at first. If it isn’t, you can’t move up, only sideways.

4. I expect around 2 hours of out-of-class time for every hour of class time, though depending on your reading speed and focus that may be more or less. This is why taking 5 classes makes you a “full-time” student:  $(5 \times 3 \text{ class hours}) + (5 \times 6 \text{ study hours}) = 45 \text{ hours a week}$ . This is actually a federal standard. The DOE federal guidelines define one credit hour as “one hour of classroom or direct faculty instruction and a minimum of two hours of out of class student work” (34 CFR-Part 600.2). Classes that ask less than this are not giving you your money’s worth. Don’t pine for easier classes; don’t envy your friends who are in less demanding courses. Rather, do yourself a favor and demand that your professors demand more of you.

5. Not a policy matter but of great importance for getting good grades: Studies show that the one of the most accurate predictors of grades is this: the more screen time, the lower the grades; the less screen time, the higher. Also of note, without exception studies link more screen time and social media to greater unhappiness and less screen time and social media to greater happiness. Also, the more time people spend on “social” media, the more likely they are to report feeling lonely/left out and to report symptoms of depression. Think about these things the next time you reach for your phone.

6. Another important good grade producer is scheduling, time management. Specifically, don’t cram, do work ahead of time. And work first, then play – you get in more of both that way.

7. Students today are incredibly distracted - text messages, cell phones, social media, game consoles, glowing screens everywhere. While many celebrate these new technologies and even perceive themselves to be dependent on them, studies show that these gadgets and glowing screens are making us dumber. One study found that students who are distracted by gadgets scored 20% lower on cognitive tests. Another study found that typical students can focus for less than 2 minutes before being distracted. Don’t become a slave to a tool. When you study: shut down your email, turn off your phone, shut down your computer or at least disable the internet. You will be a better student and a wiser person for it. Remember what most social media interactions amount to: the ability to express every idea you have except the ones that are well thought through.

8. I will assume everyone has done the reading BEFORE the class during which we go over it (otherwise half of what goes on in class passes you by). Also, bring your text to class.
9. Do not be afraid to argue with me. I do not raise your grade for agreeing with me and my favorite philosophers or lower it for disagreeing.
10. Logistical and educational point: Email has made for considerably easier communication between students and teachers. However, the medium can be abused. I prefer that you raise questions in class or come to my office hours when you have questions. It is beneficial for you too – the human contact allows for a more intimate and natural mode of discourse, and it is my belief that students learn more from dialogue than from monologue (which is the necessary form of email).
11. How we dress matters since our dress is a visible sign that we recognize the appropriate dignity and seriousness of whatever activity it is we are engaged in. Getting an education is a more dignified activity than lounging around with your friends, so your dress should suggest as much. So I encourage students to dress in a way that is proportionate to the dignity of a university education. In addition, there is something to that old saw that you should “dress for success.” Though there is a well-established and timeless costume of the college student, I make no specific recommendations.
12. Many problems in philosophy are really problems in English communication. If you cannot communicate what you are thinking clearly, no one can know what you think. What to do about it? Read great books. Learn how to write by imitation.
13. A word about the philosophical temperament. Aquinas defines the virtue of studiousness as the “keen application of the mind to something”. Philosophers are among the most studious of people in this sense - they seek to clarify terms and propositions, and then follow the arguments wherever they go. This entails a great trust in reason, trusting that the *logos* will not steer you astray. Development of this studious capacity to keenly apply the mind to something is one mark of being an educated person. This capacity allows a person to engage people and ideas of all stripes, rather than being confined to one’s own thoughts. As Aristotle says, “It is the mark of an educated mind to be able to entertain a thought without accepting it.” This habit of mind is useful in all walks of life (business, family, etc). But this habit of mind also means you can expect me to push ideas and arguments to explore them and to challenge students, an exercise that may make some students feel uncomfortable.

### **Philosophy Department Grading Guidelines**

A or A-

The essay is **excellent**. The writing is clear and concise, using proper sentence structure, grammar, and spelling. The essay stays firmly on topic. The writer has accurately and thoroughly described the relevant philosophical positions and arguments. The essay demonstrates that the student has engaged the topic with intellectual curiosity and seriousness, going beyond classroom discussions and readings, and demonstrating a thorough understanding of the material.

B+

The essay is **very good**. The writing is clear and concise, using proper sentence structure, grammar, and spelling. The essay stays firmly on topic. The writer has accurately described the relevant philosophical positions and arguments, except perhaps with a few very minor errors, omissions, or some lack of thoroughness of explanation. The essay shows intellectual engagement with the topic, but there is little in the essay which goes beyond classroom discussions and readings.

B or B-

The essay is **good**. The writing is clear and concise, using proper sentence structure, grammar, and spelling. The essay stays on topic. The writer has provided a broadly accurate account of the relevant philosophical positions and arguments. There are some errors or omissions, but they do not detract from the central aim of the essay. There is little in the essay which goes beyond classroom discussions and readings.

## PHIL 1500: The Examined College Life: Education and its Ends - Fall 2018 Syllabus 6

C+ or C or C-

The essay is **adequate** in meeting the assignment's requirements. The writing is generally clear and is acceptable in terms of grammar, spelling, and sentence structure, though there are errors or the writing is at times awkward and confusing. The writer has provided an adequate account of relevant philosophical positions and arguments, but with some important errors or omissions. Perhaps the essay wanders from the topic, introducing needless examples or pursuing tangents.

D+ or D

This essay is **not adequate** in quality. The writing is frequently awkward and confusing, with serious problems in spelling, grammar, and sentence structure. It is not clear that the writer has grasped the relevant philosophical positions or arguments, though there may be hints of some minimally adequate understanding of some relevant material. The organization of the essay is unclear, or nonexistent. Nevertheless, it is clear that some attempt has been made to meet the assignment's requirements; but the result does not demonstrate an adequate mastery of the material.

F

This essay is a **failure**. Writing errors abound, and there is no indication of an understanding of the material, or even that any serious effort has been made.